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THE FEATURES OF SOCIAL-PHILOSOPHIC OF DEVELOPMENT CONSENSUS CULTURE IN NEW LEVEL OF UZBEKISTAN'S DEVELOPMENT.

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Аннотация: Мақолада Ўзбекистон тараққиётининг янги босқичида консенсус маданияти ривожлантиришнинг ижтимоий-фалсафий хусусиятлари таҳлил этилган. Консенсуснинг қўлланилиши ва унинг шаклланишига таъсир этувчи омиллар ёритилган. Мамлакатимизда амалга оширилаётган ислохотларда консенсус тамойилининг ўзига хос кўринишлари очиқ берилган.

Калит сўзлар: консенсус, фаоллик, мулоқот, таклиф, жамоатчилик назорати, ҳуқуқий онг ва маданият, жамоавийлик, маслаҳатлашиш.

Аннотация: В статье анализируются социально-философские особенности развития культуры консенсуса на новом этапе развития Узбекистана. Выделены применение консенсуса и факторы, влияющие на его формирование. А также раскрываются особенности принципа консенсуса, реформы проводимые в нашей стране.

Ключевые слова: консенсус, активность, коммуникация, предложение, общественный контроль, правовое мышление культура, сообщество, консультации.

Annotation: The article analyzes The features of social-philosophic of development consensus culture in new level of Uzbekistan's development. The factors which could affects about using and forming consensus are explained. The shapes of consensus factor are described in the reformation which are implementing in our country.

Keywords: consensus, activeness, communication, suggestion, the control of society, legal mind and culture, community, negotiation.

Introduction: In this globalized time all countries using the style of consensus on implementing democratic reformation. Consensus plays main role on supplying the agreement of citizens from then country and using the style of consensus widely in efficiency of reformation in practice based on main democratic principles being supremacy the most from less.

It is known that Consensus (latin. Deal, unity)- the style of solving disagreement on deciding process, if the most people's side doesn't have opposition, deciding based on common agreement without voting.[1] Different from other styles on making decision the style consensus (for example, voting according to the most people's opinion) is used in most teams.

Usage and rising as a culture of approach of consensus citizens and people's active participation is required in solving problems affecting the life of the state and society. So, in order to make effective and efficiency of the reforms that is leading by state, culture the rights of citizens, citizen's initiatives and in raising awareness plays an important role. Reflecting completely the consensus culture in the life of society has an obstruction that are insensibility and passive treatment.

Therefore, as having chosen the direction of building a democratic state and sustainable development, any state will achieve its goal whenever it makes a sure the continuously participation of citizens in the life of the state and society by forming an active civil position in the reform process.

Literature review: Abu Nasr al-Farabi, in his book named "The City of Noble People" (Фозил одамлар шаҳри), expresses the following views about consensus: "People have a certain bond of affection, an agreement, but they understand differently what this bond is". Some believe the reason people are common (living as a community) is that they are descended from a common ancestor. It means that, the purpose of people of the same ancestor (majority) living together, in harmony, and in support of each other, in order to overcome and not be defeated by the representatives of other ancestors in this way. "[2] With these ideas, Farabi describes consensus as an objective-social phenomenon and recognizes it as a conditional factor in the development of society. Also, Amir Temur has more repeatedly emphasized to talk to the people and get advice on the way to the stability of his kingdom in his experience. The scientist who studies about Amir Temur, O. Tangirov said that Amir Temur listened to the opinion of the majority in public policy and used it in his policy: When my state is developing like a sun shining, the people who are good or bad came with supplication, after I became a king, I make them distraught with my donations" said Amir Temur. [3] He knew well how to captivate the people with his open face and compassion. He was always aware of the condition of the people, and saw the elders as brothers and the younger as children. He was always open to honest people, sayyids, factors and nobles. In their meetings, they would think about the future and avoid the conversations of overcome thoughts, old and experienced people." [3]

Transparency, listening the opinion of people and making them consent became way of society of Uzbekistan. In particular, in the Address of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev to the Oliy Majlis of December 28, 2018 "we will build new Uzbekistan with our people- called great aim is put. In this regard, the new idea "society- enthusiast of reforms" is coming to daily life. In order to improve the practical efficiency of reformation, we should encourage people to be more active and more enthusiastic to initiate in places" – the words reflected clearly. [4]

In an international consensus culture, all members of the consensus group should try to contribute as equally to the process as possible, and all participants will have the opportunity to submit, supplement, veto or block the proposal. This will require a high level of legal awareness and culture of the members.

So, the development of a culture of consensus is inextricably connected with the level of legal consciousness and culture formed. In order to further raise legal



awareness and culture in our country, the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated January 9, 2019 No PF-5618 "On radical improvement of the system of raising legal awareness and culture in society" [5].

The formation of a system of consistent communication of the content and essence of the ongoing socio-economic reforms with this decree in the country, the adopted legislation and state programs, the establishment of a "spirit of respect for the law in society - the key to building a democratic state" to strengthen the vital idea of raising legal awareness and legal culture in the society, first of all, to pay special attention to the systematic and integral conduct of education, deepening the legal consciousness and legal culture in all segments of the population, starting from preschool education, personal interests and public interests the main goal was to widely promote the idea of maintaining a balance between.

As taking considered that one of the main conditions for the development of a culture of consensus between society and the individual is the activity of the individual, the implementation of priorities based on the conceptual idea of "High legal culture - a guarantee of development of the country."

Based on the historical and national features of the formation of a culture of consensus in the Republic of Uzbekistan, it was noted that the principle of "person - family - community - educational institution - organization - society" is reflected in a systematic and integrated manner.

Research methodology: In the course of the research were used scientifically-philosophical principles and methods such as systematics, theoretical-deductive conclusions, analysis and synthesis, history and logic, hermeneutic analysis, inheritance, universalism and nationality, comparative analysis.

Analysis and results:

In 2017, our country began to pursue public policy based on the principles of openness, public opinion polls and under the "human interests - the highest value." We can realize with the speech of our president Shavkat Mirziyoyev "Today Uzbekistan has suitable rank and position in world community. We are open to close cooperation and practical dialogue with all countries of the world." This way become as policy in the integrating world community and future development.

The Action Strategy for the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2017-2021 has occupied a new stage in the development of our country with innovative and historic reforms.

A completely new, effective mechanism of communication with the people has been introduced in 2017, talking to people, working with their concerns has been identified as the main task of every civil servant. Ensuring effective dialogue with the people has become one of the most important and urgent tasks of the State Program for the implementation of the Action Strategy adopted in 2017 in the "Year of dialogue with the people and the interests of man." In this regard, it is planned to improve public control, further develop non-governmental organizations, the media, as well as strengthen the role of the community in public life.

Practical work in this area began with the establishment of "People's Receptions" in every district (city) of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan to consider appeals of individuals and legal entities on the basis of improving the system

of public administration. As an innovative way for the state to communicate directly with citizens, public receptions began to receive applications, suggestions, and complaints directly. This process initiated the process of reconciliation of the state with the people, and as a result, the normative and legal acts adopted in 2017-2020 were adopted taking into account the demands and proposals expressed by our people.

The people of our country shows position of citizenship, the adoption of the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Public Oversight" [7] stable reformation which is the beginning of subjective effect stableness and efficiency was another important step in raising the culture of consensus.

According to the experience of developed countries, the normative and legal acts that reflect the interests of the people and serve the well-being of citizens are the decisions made through the input and study of the proposals of all benefits.

Based on this experience, the system of discussion before the adoption of normative legal acts adopted in the country has been improved, and the activities of collective portals have been established to ensure that the views of citizens are taken into account. The portal for discussion of draft regulations (regulation.gov.uz) and the portal of collective appeals "My opinion" were launched on the proposal of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan in his address to the Oliy Majlis on December 28, 2018.

Using these portals makes a significant contribution to the development of a culture of consensus, ensuring the active participation of citizens in public administration, ongoing reforms at a new stage of development of our country. The introduced portals have also laid the groundwork for broad cooperation in the implementation of reforms as a process that to make a condition to implement all parties and respects them and achieves as much agreement as possible.

Conclusion/recommendations:

The development of a culture of consensus in our country should be closely connected with our forever values of community, cooperation, membership, national reconciliation, consultation and compassion.

This is due to the fact that, as the First President of the Republic of Uzbekistan I.Karimov said in his book "High spirituality is an invincible force", As long as one prefers to live in the Asian conditions, one who thinks modernly, who looks deeply into the world, must understand, acknowledge, and accept it with respect." [8]

If we analyze a single consultation, consultation is one of the criteria in the Uzbek mentality that reflects the moral level of a person, and it is a positive behavior for anyone to consult with their parents and relatives before doing anything. However, counseling is the most popular type of community engagement. We can better understand the importance of consultation from Amir Temur's statement: "I have also experienced that, although the outcome of the case is hidden behind the veil of destiny, it is necessary to seek the advice and advice of sane and vigilant people" [9]

In conclusion, the culture of consensus in New Uzbekistan is developing in close connection with the national mentality and values.



According to this, it is important to raise the legal awareness and culture of our citizens, especially young people, to inculcate national forms of consensus culture in the educational process, to form a positive attitude to the ongoing reforms in the country.

In particular, the inclusion of such topics as teamwork, cooperation, consultation and compassion, national reconciliation, tolerance in the subjects of "Education" taught in schools this year will further strengthen the national values that have been glorified by our ancestors for centuries.

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